Friday	October 11	Chinesta	Chinesta	Wriggers	Schröder					
Thursday	October 10	Gasser	Gasser	Terada	Terada	Kochmann	Kochmann	Chinesta	Chinesta	
Wednesday	October 9	Chinesta	Chinesta	Kochmann	Kochmann	Terada	Terada	Gasser	Gasser	
Tuesday	October 8	Kochmann	Kochmann	Terada	Terada	Wriggers	Wriggers	Schröder	Schröder	
Monday	October 7	Registration	Wriggers	Wriggers	Schröder	Schröder	Gasser	Gasser	Schröder	Welcome Aperitif
TIME		9.00 - 9.45	9.45 - 10.30	11.00 - 11.45	11.45 - 12.30	14.00 - 14.45	14.45 - 15.30	16.00 - 16.45	16.45 - 17.30	18.00

FIME TABLE

ADMISSION AND ACCOMMODATION

The registration fee is 600.00 Euro + VAT*, where applicable (bank charges are not included). The registration fee includes a complimentary bag, four fixed menu buffet lunches (on Friday upon request), hot beverages, downloadable lecture notes and wi-fi internet access.

The Ladyzhenskaya Session

Centre International des Sciences Mécaniques International Centre for Mechanical Sciences

(CISM

2019

YEAR

CADEMIC

Applicants must apply at least one month before the beginning of the course. Application forms should be sent on-line through the following web site: http://www.cism.it. A message of confirmation will be sent to accepted participants. Applicants requiring assistance with the registration should contact the secretariat at the following email address cism@cism.it.

Applicants may cancel their course registration and receive a full refund by notifying CISM Secretariat in writing (by email to cism@cism.it) no later than two weeks prior to the start of the course.

Cancellation requests received during the two weeks prior to the start of the course will be charged a 50.00 Euro handling fee. Incorrect payments are also subject to a 50.00 Euro handling fee.

A limited number of participants from universities and research centres who are not supported by their own institutions can be offered lodging and/or board, if available, in a reasonably priced hotel or student guest house.

Requests should be sent to CISM Secretariat by **July 29**, **2019** along with the applicant's curriculum and a letter of recommendation by the head of the department or a supervisor confirming that the institute cannot provide funding. Preference will be given to applicants from countries that sponsor CISM.

Information about travel and accommodation is available on the web site www.cism.it, or can be mailed upon request.

* Italian VAT is 22%.

For further information please contact: CISM Palazzo del Torso Piazza Garibaldi 18 33100 Udine (Italy) tel. +39 0432 248511 (6 lines) fax +39 0432 248550 e-mail: cism@cism.it THE ART OF MODELING IN COMPUTATIONAL SOLID MECHANICS

Advanced School coordinated by

Jörg Schröder Universität Essen-Duisburg Germany

Peter Wriggers Leibniz Universität Hannover Germany

Udine October 7 - 11 2019

THE ART OF MODELING IN COMPUTATIONAL SOLID MECHANICS

Modeling is one of the main challenges in engineering science for the predictive description and simulation of the responses of systems and processes under complex actions in solid mechanics. This includes mechanical and mathematical modeling of singleand multi-phase materials as well as coupled problems, scalebridging of micro-heterogenous materials, multiscale design of tailored materials, characterization of soft biological tissues and the tremendous development of data driven science in engineering using concepts of artificial intelligence. machine and manifold learning. All systems related to engineering need predictions of the behavior, durability and efficiency and hence models have to be developed that can be solved by analytical or numerical methods.

Therefore we focus on mechanical and mathematical modeling in single-phase solid mechanics. discussing theoretical models as well as simulation models associated with engineering applications in solid mechanics. Within the lectures examples will be considered in which different models and discretization schemes

PRELIMINARY SUGGESTED READINGS

E. Comellas, T.C. Gasser, F.J. Bellomo, S. Oller. A homeostatic-driven turnover remodelling constitutive model for healing in soft tissues. Journal of The Royal Society Interface, 13: 20151081, 2016.

R. Ibanez, E. Abisset, J.V. Aguado, D. Gonzalez, E. Cueto, F. Chinesta. A manifold learning approach to data-driven computational elasticity and inelasticity. Arch Comput Method E, 25(1), 47-57, 2018.

D. M. Kochmann, K. Bertoldi. Exploiting microstructural instabilities in solids

are compared.

Another challenging problem is the modeling and characterization of soft biological tissues. Some properties of a biological system, might be directly measurable. others, and especially in-vivo properties, can only be explored with proper models at hand. In addition, prospective events, i.e. questions such as 'What would be the outcome from a certain clinical intervention?' can only been explored through modeling. Soft biological tissues are non-manmade highly complex systems, and the first main task of the modeler is to decide what properties are important for the Intended Model Application. A variety of engineering

applications exhibit a coupling between individual thermodynamical fields, (e.g. thermoelasticity), electromechanical coupling, multiphasesystems. Hence in this course we discuss the general formulation of thermoelasticity and their solution using finite elements. the coordinate-invariant modeling of piezo-electricity within the framework of the invariant-theory and a macroscopic model of a

and structures: from metamaterials to structural transitions. Applied Mechanics

N. Kutz. Data-Driven Modeling & Scientific Computation, Oxford. University Press. 2013.

J. A. Lee, M. Verleysen. Nonlinear Dimensionality Reduction, Springer, 2007

G. Martufi, T.C Gasser, Turnover of fibrillar collagen in soft biological tissue with application to the expansion of abdominal aortic aneurysms. Journal of The Royal Society Interface, 9(77):

saturated porous solids consisting of ice and water, presented within the theory of mixtures.

Computational homogenization schemes and multi-scale modeling can be seen as one of the driving forces in virtual material design. This field requires modeling and simulation at the scale of heterogeneous microstructures with an implicit or explicit connection to other scales. Particular emphasis is given to nonlinear and multiphysics phenomena at a micro-scale to incorporate related simulation challenges. We discuss numerical or virtual material testing across the scales to realize two-scale analyses equivalent to FE2 methods. Modern advances in smallscale fabrication techniques have enabled the creation of a wide range of engineered metamaterials with tailored mechanical properties, whose design calls for theoretical and computational techniques that link microscale and nanoscale architectures to macroscale properties. We will discuss a number of state-of-theart computational approaches and associated architected materials systems.

A tremendous development of

3366-3377, 2012.

J. Schröder. D. Gross. Invariant formulation of the electro-mechanical enthalpy function of transversely isotropic piezoelectric materials. AAM, 73(8), 533-552, 2004.

K. Terada, N. Hirayama, K. Yamamoto, J. Kato, T. Kyoya, S. Matsubara, Y. Arakawa, Y. Ueno and N. Miyanaga. Applicability of micro-macro decoupling scheme to two-scale analysis of fiber-reinforced plastics. Advanced Composite Materials, 23, 421-450, 2014.

Artificial Intelligence techniques took place in the last decades. Machine learning and manifold learning, and, notably, deep learning techniques, have assisted to an unprecedented growth in the wide range of applications they can be envisaged for. With the irruption of data-enabled science and engineering, applied science is today a symbiosis of theory, experiments and simulation. This lecture covers some of the most outstanding applications of AI and data-science in engineering sciences.

The course is intended for doctoral and postdoctoral researchers in civil and mechanical engineering, applied mathematics and physics as well as industrial researchers, who are interested in conducting research in the topic. A problem for young scientists trying to do high level research in this area is the number of topics one has to be familiar with: Advanced constitutive modeling, homogenization, data driven science in engineering as well as numerical discretization schemes and applications of these methods to coupled problems, biomechanics and tailored materials. Furthermore, there are neither adequate textbooks nor advanced courses at research/ university level available. The aim of this CISM course is to fill this gap.

K. Terada, J. Kato, N. Hirayama, T. Inugai, K. Yamamoto, A method of two-scale analysis with micro-macro decoupling scheme: application to hyperelastic composite materials, Computational Mechanics, 52, 1199.1219.2013.

P. Wriggers. Nonlinear Finite Elements. Springer, 2008.

A. Zelhofer, D. M. Kochmann. On acoustic wave beaming in twodimensional structural lattices. Int. J. Solids Struct., vol. 115-116, 248-269, 2017.

INVITED LECTURERS

Francisco Chinesta - University of Nantes, France 6 lectures on: artificial intelligence and data driven science in engineering with special emphasis to data-mining, manifold learning and nonlinear dimensionality reduction, model learners and data-driven approaches, computational mechanics and engineering and engineered data (from big-data to smart-data) and multi-scale description of data.

Christian Gasser - KTH Stockholm, Sweden

6 lectures on: modeling and characterization of soft biological tissues. Introduction of basic principles of biomechanics with emphasis on modeling the properties of biological tissues. Intended Model Application 'What bio-engineering question should be answered?' guides all development steps, i.e. from the model requirement specification, framework section, software implementation, parameter calibration and model validation.

Dennis Kochmann - ETH Zurich, Switzerland

6 lectures on: tailored materials that perform through instabilities and careful multiscale design. State-of-the-art computational approaches and associated architected materials systems, including periodic and graded nano- and micro-truss lattices, optimized cellular solids and advanced composites, local and nonlocal as well as spectral homogenzation. Bloch wave analysis, and guasicontinuum modeling.

Jörg Schröder - Universität Essen-Duisburg, Germany

6 lectures on: mechanical and mathematical modeling of coupled problems. Thermoelasticity and the solution within the finite element framework, coordinate-invariant modeling of piezo-electricity within the framework of the invariant-theory and a macroscopic model of saturated porous solids consisting of ice and water, presented within the framework of the theory of mixtures.

Ken Terada - Tohuku University, Japan

6 lectures on: computational homogenization methods and modeling and simulation methods at the scale of heterogeneous microstructures with an implicit or explicit connection to another scale. Including nonlinear phenomena at micro-scale, numerical or virtual material testing across the scales, nonlinear heterogeneous materials coupled with multi-physics behavior (phase change, chemo-mechanics, nonlinear thermo-mechanics) and stochastic approaches.

Peter Wriggers - Leibniz Universität Hannover, Germany 5 lectures on: mechanical and mathematical modeling in single-phase solid mechanics. Basic nonlinear theory including fracture mechanics, advanced numerical simulation techniques based on the finite and virtual element method and related software development and comparison of different models and discretization schemes.

LECTURES

All lectures will be given in English. Lecture notes can be downloaded from the CISM web site. Instructions will be sent to accepted participants.

Reviews, 69(5): 050801, 2017.